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SECT	ION 1. IDENTIFICATION				
F	roduct name	:	: Spirax S4 AX 80W-90		
F	roduct code	:	: 001F4155		
N	lanufacturer or supplier's	deta	ails		
Ν	lanufacturer/Supplier	:	Shell Canada Pr 400 - 4th Avenue Calgary AB T2P Canada	S.W	
	elephone elefax	:	(+1) 8006611600 (+1) 4033848345		
	mergency telephone num- er	:	(US)	hr): 1 (703) 527-3887 or 1 (800) 424-9300): (+1) 613-996-6666; Toll Free: 1-888-CAN-)	
F	ecommended use of the c	cher	nical and restriction	ons on use	
F	ecommended use	:	Transmission oil.		

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Based on available data this substance / mixture does not meet the classification criteria.

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms	: No Hazard Symbol required
Signal word	: No signal word
Hazard statements	 PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria. HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under GHS criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Not classified as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: No precautionary phrases. Response: No precautionary phrases.
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Storage:

No precautionary phrases. **Disposal:** No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance name	: Spirax S4 AX 80W-90
Chemical nature	: Highly refined mineral oils and additives. The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Dialkylpolysulphide	68937-96-2	1 - 3
Amine phosphate	Not Assigned	1 - 2.4
Alkenyl imidazoline	27136-73-8	0.1 - 0.24

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
If swallowed	:	In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

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Protection of first-aiders		rst-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.			
	Notes to physician	cian : Treat symptomatically.	Treat symptomatically.		
SEC	TION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	FIGHTING MEASURES			
Suitable extinguishing media		guishing media : Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon diox- ide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media		inguishing : Do not use water in a jet.	Do not use water in a jet.		
	Specific hazards during fire- fighting	 ds during fire- Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates an gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds. 	ıd		
	Specific extinguishing meth- ods	uishing meth- : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir- cumstances and the surrounding environment.			
	Special protective equipment for firefighters	tive equipment : Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire i a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).			

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec- tive equipment and emer- gency procedures	:	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contami- nation. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent.
		Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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Adc	litional advice	: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipmensee Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 1 this Safety Data Sheet.	
SECTIO	N 7. HANDLING AND ST	DRAGE	
Ger	neral Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalativapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a rissessment of local circumstances to help determine a ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal comaterial.	sk as- opropri-
Adv	rice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear shoul worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning rials in order to prevent fires. 	
Avo	idance of contact	: Strong oxidising agents.	
Pro	duct Transfer	: This material has the potential to be a static accumulator. Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.	
	rage er data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-vent place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.	lated
		Store at ambient temperature.	
Pac	kaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or container linings, steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	use mild
Cor	ntainer Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to his peratures because of possible risk of distortion.	gh tem-

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

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Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhal- able frac- tion))	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal- able fraction)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA) , Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures :	The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.
	General Information: Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls. Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product. Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation. Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or mainte-
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		subsequent recy Always observe washing hands a drinking, and/or s protective equipr	good personal hygiene measures, such as fter handling the material and before eating, smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and nent to remove contaminants. Discard con- ng and footwear that cannot be cleaned.
Perso	nal protective equipn	nent	
	ratory protection	: No respiratory pr conditions of use In accordance wi tions should be to If engineering co tions to a level w select respiratory cific conditions of Check with respi Where air-filterin priate combination Select a filter sui	rotection is ordinarily required under normal b. ith good industrial hygiene practices, precau- aken to avoid breathing of material. ntrols do not maintain airborne concentra- hich is adequate to protect worker health, y protection equipment suitable for the spe- f use and meeting relevant legislation. ratory protective equipment suppliers. g respirators are suitable, select an appro- on of mask and filter. table for the combination of organic gases pe A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].
	protection narks	gloves approved US: F739) made suitable chemica gloves Suitability usage, e.g. frequ sistance of glove glove suppliers. (Personal hygiene Gloves must only gloves, hands sh cation of a non-p For continuous c through time of n 480 minutes whe short-term/splash recognize that su may not be availa time maybe acce and replacement a good predictor dependent on the Glove thickness	tact with the product may occur the use of to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, from the following materials may provide al protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber and durability of a glove is dependent on tency and duration of contact, chemical re- material, dexterity. Always seek advice from Contaminated gloves should be replaced. e is a key element of effective hand care. y be worn on clean hands. After using tould be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- terfumed moisturizer is recommended. ontact we recommend gloves with break- nore than 240 minutes with preference for > ere suitable gloves can be identified. For n protection we recommend the same, but uitable gloves offering this level of protection able and in this case a lower breakthrough eptable so long as appropriate maintenance regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not of glove resistance to a chemical as it is e exact composition of the glove material. should be typically greater than 0.35 mm e glove make and model.

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Eye pr	rotection		ndled such that it could be splashed into eyes, /ear is recommended.		
Skin a	nd body protection	work clothes.	Skin protection is not ordinarily required beyond standard work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical resistant gloves.		
Therm	al hazards	: Not applicable	: Not applicable		
Protec	tive measures		ctive equipment (PPE) should meet recom- al standards. Check with PPE suppliers.		
Enviro	onmental exposure c	ontrols			
General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements vant environmental protection legislation. Avoid conta of the environment by following advice given in Chap necessary, prevent undissolved material from being charged to waste water. Waste water should be treat municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant be discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substa must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air co vapour.		ental protection legislation. Avoid contamination nent by following advice given in Chapter 6. If vent undissolved material from being dis- te water. Waste water should be treated in a dustrial waste water treatment plant before rface water. s on emission limits for volatile substances			

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	: Clear, bright liquid.
Colour	: clear
Odour	: Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	: Data not available
рН	: Not applicable
pour point	: -30 °C / -22 °F Method: ASTM D5950
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
Flash point	: 218 °C / 424 °F
	Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
Evaporation rate	: Data not available

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Flamr	nability (solid, gas)	: Data not ava	ailable		
Uppe	r explosion limit	: Typical 10 %	6(V)		
Lower	r explosion limit	: Typical 1 %(: Typical 1 %(V)		
Vapor	ur pressure	: < 0.5 Pa (20 estimated va			
Relati	ve vapour density	: > 1 estimated va	alue(s)		
Relati	ve density	: 0.887 (15 °C	: / 59 °F)		
Densi	ty	: 887 kg/m3 (1	15.0 °C / 59.0 °F)Method: ASTM D1298		
	ility(ies) tter solubility	: negligible			
Sol	ubility in other solvents	: Data not ava	ilable		
	on coefficient: n- ol/water	: Pow: > 6 (based on in	formation on similar products)		
Auto-i	ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 60	08 °F		
	cosity, dynamic	: Data not ava			
VIS	cosity, kinematic	: 13.5 - 15.5 h Method: AS	nm2/s (100 °C / 212 °F) ГМ D445		
Explo	sive properties	: Not classifie	d		
Oxidiz	zing properties	: Data not ava	ilable		
Cond	uctivity	: This materia	I is not expected to be a static accumulator.		
Decor	mposition temperature	: Data not ava	ilable		

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	:	Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

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Condi	tions to avoid	: Extremes of te	mperature and direct sunlight.	
Incompatible materials		: Strong oxidising agents.		
Hazar produ	dous decomposition cts	: Hazardous dec during normal	composition products are not expected to form storage.	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.Unless indicated otherwise,
		the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Information on likely routes of exposure

Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 (rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

Components:

Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

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Remarks: Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Components:

Dialkylpolysulphide:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Amine phosphate:

Remarks: Experimental data has shown that the concentration of potentially sensitising components present in this product does not induce skin sensitisation. May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Remarks: Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-carcinogenic in animal skinpainting studies.

Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility

Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility. Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

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Not considered an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).
Ecotoxicity	
Product:	
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- ty)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/I
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Expected to be practically non toxic: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l
Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Toxicity to crustacean	: Remarks: Data not available
(Chronic toxicity) Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	: Remarks: Data not available
Components:	
Alkenyl imidazoline: M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	: 1
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Persis	stence and degradal	bility		
Produ	ict:			
	gradability	Major constit	pected to be not readily biodegradable. uents are expected to be inherently biodegrada ains components that may persist in the enviror	
Bioac	cumulative potentia	I		
Produ	ict:			
Bioaco	cumulation	: Remarks: Co cumulate.	ontains components with the potential to bioac-	
	on coefficient: n- bl/water	: Pow: > 6 Remarks: (ba	Pow: > 6 Remarks: (based on information on similar products)	
Mobil	ity in soil			
<u>Produ</u>	ict:			
Mobili	ty		quid under most environmental conditions. il, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be	
		Remarks: Flo	pats on water.	
Other	adverse effects			
Produ	ict:			
	onal ecological infor-	expected to I Not expected	mixture of non-volatile components, which are not released to air in any significant quantities. If to have ozone depletion potential, photochem eation potential or global warming potential.	
		Poorly solubl May cause p	e mixture. hysical fouling of aquatic organisms.	
			not expected to cause any chronic effects to nisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.	

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues	 Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal meth-
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			ce with applicable regulations. nto the environment, in drains or in water
		ground water, or	hould not be allowed to contaminate soil or be disposed of into the environment. used product is dangerous waste.
Conta	minated packaging	to a recognized the collector or o Disposal should	rdance with prevailing regulations, preferably collector or contractor. The competence of contractor should be established beforehand. be in accordance with applicable regional, cal laws and regulations.
Local Rema	legislation arks		be in accordance with applicable regional, al laws and regulations.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

International Regulations

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category Ship type Product name Special precautions Special precautions for user	 Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.
Additional Information	: MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS

: All components listed or polymer exempt.

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TSCA		: All components li	isted.
DSL		: All components li	isted.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide: GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC -No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS -Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

A vertical bar () in the left margi	in	indicates an amendment from the previous version.
2	:	The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more
compile the Safety Data		sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell
Sheet		Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU
		IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not

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to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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